Macro-, micro- and nanomechanical characterization of crosslinked polymers with very broad range of mechanical properties

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We compared of macro-, micro- and nanomechanical properties of a series of eleven highly homogeneous and chemically very similar crosslined polymers [1]. By means of synthesis parameters, the mechanical properties of the samples were deliberately changed from very hard and stiff (elastic moduli of 4 GPa), through semi-hard and ductile, to very soft and elastic (elastic moduli of 0.006 GPa).

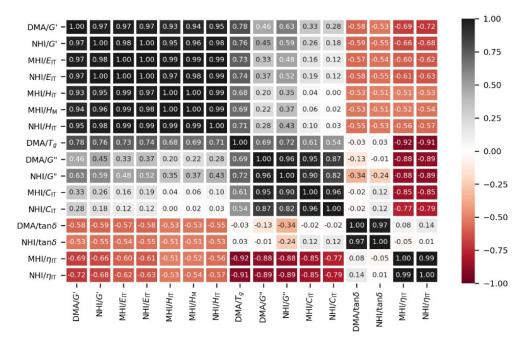


Figure 1: Correlation matrix table showing Pearson's coefficients r for all pairs of experimentally determined macro-, micro- and nanomechanical properties: storage and loss modulus, damping factor and glass transition temperature from dynamic mechanical analysis (DMA/G', DMA/G', DMA/tan(δ) and DMA/ T_g), analogous properties from dynamic nanoindentation experiments (NHI/G', NHI/G', NHI/tan(δ)), indentation hardness, modulus, creep and elasticity from quasi-static microindentation experiments (MHI/ H_{IT} , MHI/tand MHI/tbar and M

Mechanical properties at all length scales showed similar trends (as documented in Fig. 1), which confirmed the reliability of the state-of-the art micro- and nanoindentaion methods. The observed correlations between stiffness-related and viscosity-related properties were closely connected with brittle-ductile-rubbery transitions. In the conculding remarks, we will generalize how the observed macro-micro-nano correlations work for other polymer systems, such as semicrystalline polymers, blends, and composites [2].

Keywords: microindentation, nanoindentation, local mechanical properties of polymer systems

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References

[1] Slouf, M. et al. Polymers 2020, 12, 2951/1-2951/26.

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